

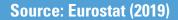
## **NETHERLANDS** LATEST STATISTICS FOR THE NATIONAL SPORT AND PHYSICAL ACTIVITY LABOUR MARKET

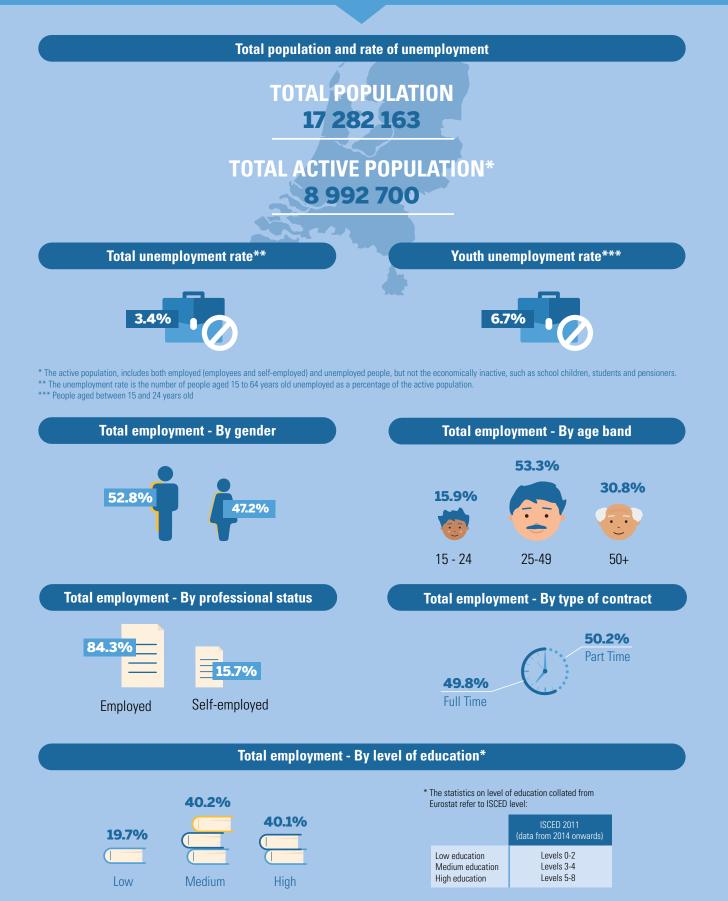
# **YEAR** 2020



1

## NETHERLANDS AND ITS LABOUR MARKET IN 2019





2

## THE SPORT AND PHYSICAL ACTIVITY SECTOR AND ITS LABOUR MARKET IN THE NETHERLANDS



This section presents the main findings from the analysis of the official statistics collated at both the national and European level through National
Statistics Offices (NSO) and Eurostat. For the purpose of the factsheet, data are provided only for the year 2011 and 2019 to underline tendencies.

# More detailed and extensive data and information about the European sport labour market can be found in a separate report at <u>https://projects.eose.org/skills/</u>

**Scope:** the widest sport and physical activity sector defined by the Council of Europe (2001) as *"all forms of physical activity which, through casual or organised participation, aim at expressing or improving physical fitness and mental well-being, forming social relationships or obtaining results in competition at all levels". In this fact sheet we are using the word "sport" having the meaning of the broad sector of "sport and physical activity".* 

To summarise our statistical definition for the sport labour market, the ambition of the work carried out was to liaise with Eurostat and National Statistics Offices (NSO) to collate all official statistics available on the number of:

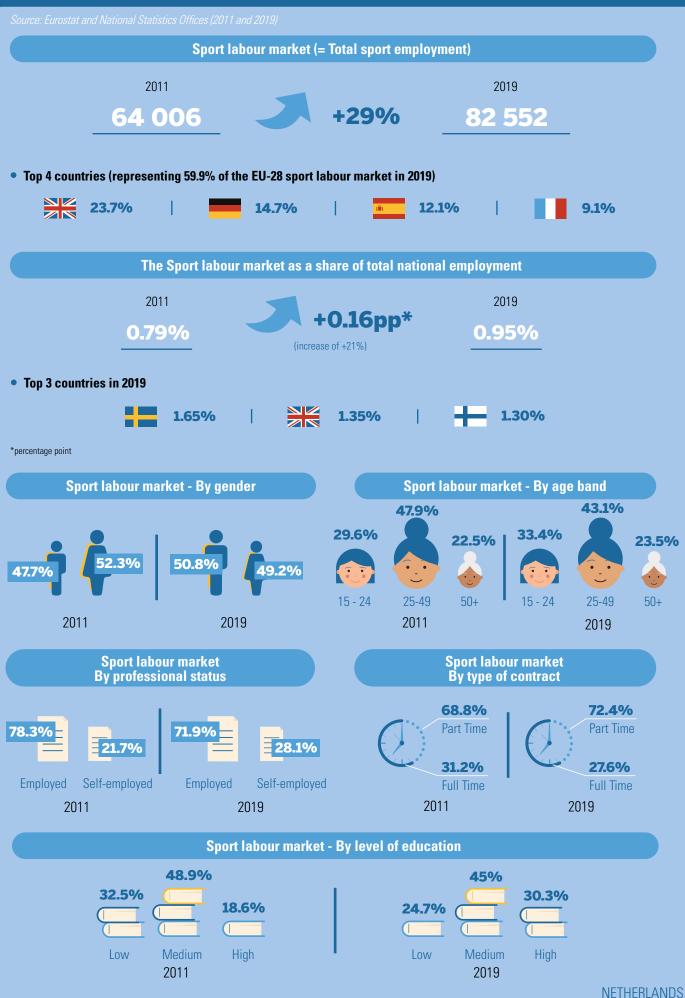
- Persons having a sport and fitness occupation (ISCO 342\*) in an organisation whose main business is the provision of sport (NACE 93.1\*), e.g. professional athletes, coaches (*Box I on the summary chart below*)
- Persons having a non-sport and fitness occupation (Other ISCO codes) in an organisation whose main business is the provision of sport (NACE 93.1), e.g. managers (*Box III on the summary chart below*)
- Persons having a sport and fitness occupation (ISCO 342) in an organisation whose main business is not the provision of sport (Other NACE codes), e.g. a fitness instructor working in a hotel (*Box II on the summary chart below*)

\* ISCO - "The international standard classification of occupations". ISCO divides jobs into 10 major groups of occupations and sport specific occupations are listed under ISCO3 Technicians and associate professionals and more precisely under the sub-group ISCO 342 Sport and Fitness Workers (3421 - Athletes and Sports Players; 3422 - Sports Coaches, Instructors and Officials; 3423 - Fitness and Recreation Instructors and Programme Leaders).

\*\* NACE - "Statistical classification of economic activities in the European Community". NACE is a basically four-digit classification providing the framework for collecting and presenting a large range of reliable and comparable statistical data according to economic activity. The codes under NACE 93.1 (Sport activities) define the organisations whose main business is the provision of sport (93.11 Operation of sports facilities; 93.12 Activities of sport clubs; 93.13 Fitness facilities; 93.19 Other sports activities).



#### 2.1 SIZE AND CHARACTERISTICS OF THE DUTCH SPORT LABOUR MARKET



#### 2.2 PEOPLE WORKING IN A SPORT AND FITNESS OCCUPATION IN THE NETHERLANDS - ISCO 342

ISCO 342 Sport and fitness workers comprises ISCO 3421 - Athletes and Sports Players; ISCO 3422 - Sports Coaches, Instructors and Officials; ISCO 3423 - Fitness and Recreation Instructors and Programme Leaders.

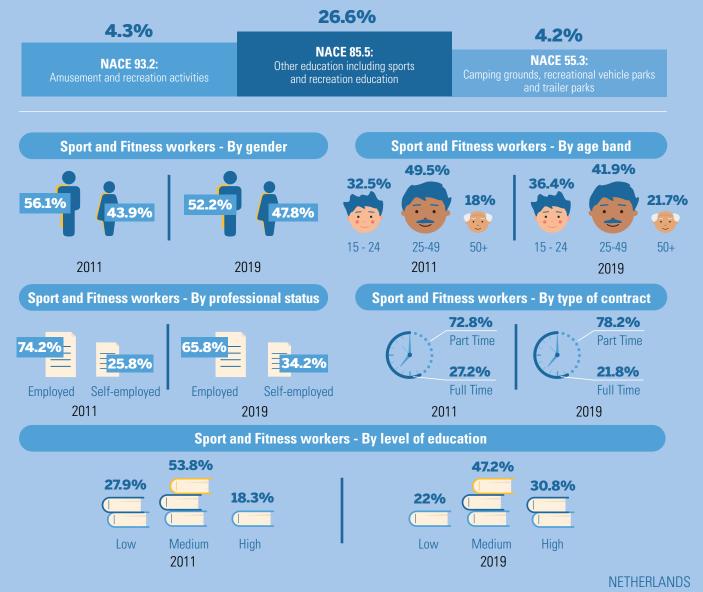
#### Source: Eurostat and National Statistics Offices (2011 and 2019,



#### Proportion per sport occupation in 2019

| 11 | Athletes and Sports Players - ISCO 3421                              | 5.1%  |
|----|--|-------|
| B  | Sports Coaches, Instructors and Officials - ISCO 3422                | 57.9% |
| H  | Fitness and Recreation Instructors and Programme Leaders - ISCO 3423 | 37%   |

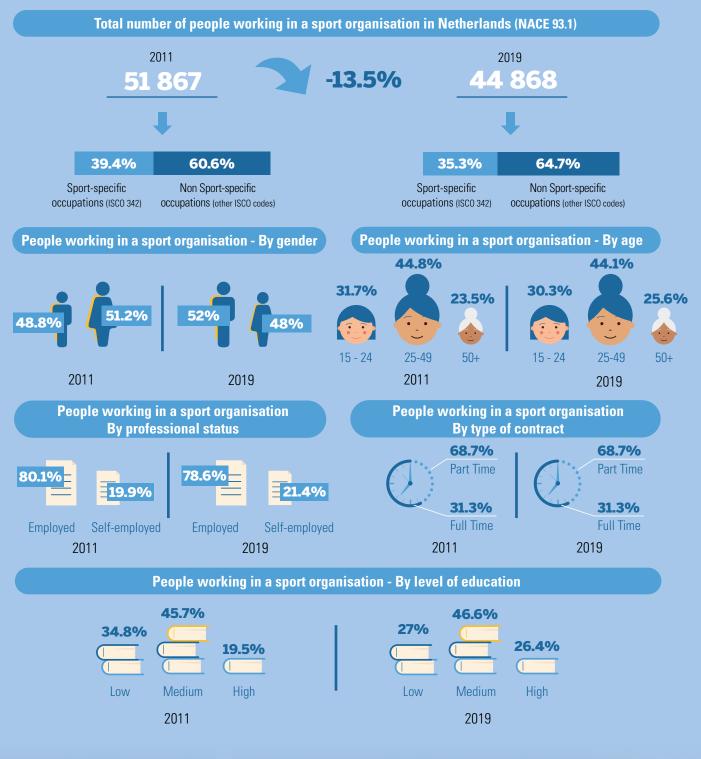
#### Top 3 of the other NACE codes where sport and fitness workers are engaged in 2019



#### 2.3 PEOPLE WORKING IN A SPORT ORGANISATION IN THE NETHERLANDS - NACE 93.1

NACE 93.1 (Sport activities) includes all organisations whose main business is the provision of sport (93.11 Operation of sports facilities; 93.12 Activities of sport clubs; 93.13 Fitness facilities; 93.19 Other sports activities).

Source: Eurostat and National Statistics Offices (2011 and 2019



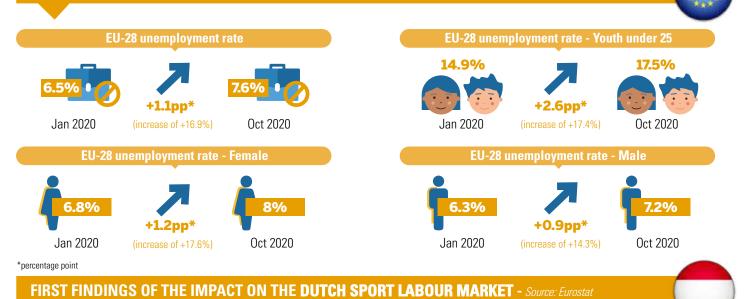
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## FIRST FINDINGS ON THE IMPACT OF COVID-19 ON THE EUROPEAN SPORT LABOUR MARKET

The year 2020 saw a sudden, unexpected and severe pandemic starting in March. The whole society all over the world has been directly impacted by Covid-19 including the sport sector.

The official statistics for the full year 2020 are not yet published and available but it has been possible to collate and analyse the first quarters of the year. This factsheet underlines the fresh findings of the first tendencies and findings of the impact of the pandemic on the sport labour market in Europe (including the United Kingdom). These data have to be taken into consideration carefully as they are not representing the full year 2020.

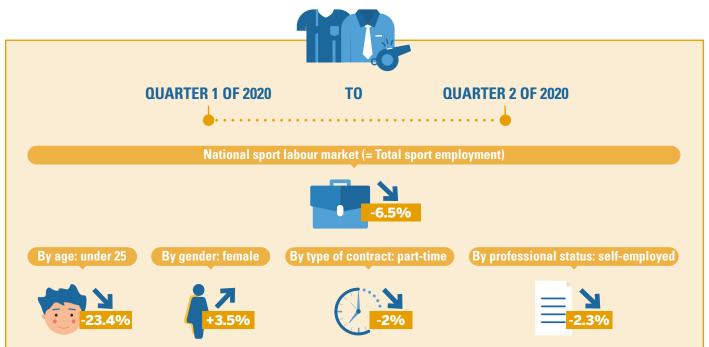
#### FIRST FINDINGS OF THE IMPACT ON THE OVERALL EU LABOUR MARKET - Source: Eurostat



For the Dutch sport labour market, data for quarter 1 and quarter 2 of the year 2020 have been collated and analysed. Key findings are presented below.

In the sport sector, **self-employed workers, part timers and youth aged under 25 years old** appear to be the ones from the sport labour market having been the most impacted by the pandemic so far.

The statistics for the second part of the year 2020 will be made available in 2021 and will be reported in the next edition of the European and national fact sheets 2021.





## THE SKILLS PROJECT

The overall goal of EOSE and its networks of members and partners all over Europe is to collate, analyse and publish new knowledge and data about the European and national sport labour markets on an annual basis.

To make an impact on the sector and allow it to unlock its recognised and growing potential to improve peoples' lives and have an impact on health, employment and the economy in Europe, it is necessary to have a precise idea of the size and characteristics of the current labour market, as well as information about its evolutions and tendencies.

This information has been missing for too many years and was successfully reinitiated through the ambitious ESSA-Sport project (**www.essa-sport.eu**) funded under the Erasmus+ programme and coordinated by EOSE with the support of a strong network of European and national partners.

The ambition of this factsheet, developed through a new initiative entitled SKILLS and funded under Erasmus+ Sport programme, is to keep the momentum from ESSA-Sport project and publish latest official statistics about the size and evolution of the sport labour market but also to breakdown these statistics by gender, age, level of education, type of employment (employed or self-employed) and type of working contract (full-time or part time).

It is important to underline that the content of this annual factsheet is the best information available and should not necessary be seen as the exact reality of the sector. The ambition of such ongoing work is to publish a maximum of available official statistics at the European and national level to underline main findings and tendencies and to help create policy discussions, concrete impact and potential collaborations through the sector.

Various sources such as Eurostat and National Statistics Offices (NSO) have been used to develop this fact sheet which means methodologies of collection might differ slightly in some cases and statistics should be considered carefully.

The fact sheet is a summary paper so it doesn't gather all available data collected by EOSE and its network of members/partners about the European sport labour market. A more detailed and extensive report has been produced and can be found at <u>https://projects.eose.org/skills/</u>

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